SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

Product identifier AMERICLASE 94 S

Other means of identification

Brand Code 889A

Recommended use For Industrial Use Only

Recommended restrictionsUsers should be informed of the potential presence of respirable dust and respirable crystalline

silica as well as their potential hazards. Appropriate training in the proper use and handling of this

material should be provided as required under applicable regulations.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name HarbisonWalker International

Address 1305 Cherrington Parkway, Suite 100

Moon Township, Pennsylvania 15108 US

Telephone General Phone: 412-375-6600

Website www.thinkHWI.com Emergency phone number Not available.

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not classified.

Health hazards Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Carcinogenicity Category 1A

Environmental hazards Not classified.

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage. May cause cancer.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust.

Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face

protection.

Response If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison

center/doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage Store in a manner to minimize airborne dust.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise

classified (HNOC)

None known.

Supplemental information None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
MAGNESIA, SINTER, 98%		1309-48-4	30 - 50

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Calcium Oxide		1305-78-8	20 - 40
Diiron Trioxide		1309-37-1	2.5 - 10
Sulphamidic Acid		5329-14-6	2.5 - 10
Bentonite		1302-78-9	0.1 - 2.5
Quartz (SiO2)		14808-60-7	0.1 - 2.5
Other components below report	able levels		20 - 40

Crystalline silica may be present at low concentrations; most of this is encapsulated in the coarse aggregate or as part of the clays or sands.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Call a physician or Skin contact

poison control center immediately. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

Do not rub eyes. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove Eye contact

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician or poison control

center immediately.

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If Ingestion

vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may symptoms/effects, acute and

include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Coughing.

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Chemical burns: Flush with water Indication of immediate immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an medical attention and special treatment needed

ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation.

Symptoms may be delayed.

General information IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

delayed

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

Not available.

Not applicable.

Not available.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Material can be slippery when wet. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe dust. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Avoid the generation of dusts during clean-up. Collect dust using a vacuum cleaner equipped with HEPA filter. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk.

Large Spills: Wet down with water and dike for later disposal. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Shovel the material into waste container. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Do not breathe dust. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

Components	ontaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) Type	Value	Form
Calcium Oxide (CAS 1305-78-8)	PEL	5 mg/m3	
Diiron Trioxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	PEL	10 mg/m3	Fume.
MAGNESIA, SINTER, 98% (CAS 1309-48-4)	PEL	15 mg/m3	Total particulate.
Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)	PEL	0.05 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.10	000)		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Diiron Trioxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		50 mppcf	Total dust.
		15 mppcf	Respirable fraction.
MAGNESIA, SINTER, 98% (CAS 1309-48-4)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		50 mppcf	Total dust.
		15 mppcf	Respirable fraction.
Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Respirable.
		2.4 mppcf	Respirable.
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values			
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Calcium Oxide (CAS 1305-78-8)	TWA	2 mg/m3	
Diiron Trioxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
MAGNESIA, SINTER, 98% (CAS 1309-48-4)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemic	al Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Calcium Oxide (CAS 1305-78-8)	TWA	2 mg/m3	
Diiron Trioxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Dust and fume.
Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	Respirable dust.

Material name: AMERICLASE 94 S

SDS US

889A Version #: 04 Revision date: 10-12-2020 Issue date: 09-26-2014

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Exposure guidelines

Occupational exposure to nuisance dust (total and respirable) and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled. Occupational exposure to nuisance dust (total and respirable)

and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. If engineering measures are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of dust particulates below the Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL), suitable respiratory protection must be worn. If material is ground, cut, or used in any operation which may generate dusts, use appropriate local exhaust ventilation to keep exposures below the recommended exposure limits. Eve wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge, full facepiece, dust and mist filter.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels Respiratory protection

exceeding the exposure limits.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.









General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Solid. Physical state Powder. **Form** Color Not available. Odor Not available. **Odor threshold** Not available. Not available. Not available. Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling Not available.

range

Not available. Flash point **Evaporation rate** Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not available. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

Not available.

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

Not available.

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available. Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available. Vapor pressure Not available. Vapor density Not available. Not available. Relative density

Solubility(ies)

Not available. Solubility (water)

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature Not available. **Decomposition temperature** Not available. **Viscosity** Not available.

Other information

Not explosive. **Explosive properties** Oxidizing properties Not oxidizing.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions. Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid

Contact with incompatible materials. Incompatible materials Chlorine. Fluorine. Phosphorus.

Incompatibility is based strictly upon potential theoretical reactions between chemicals and may

not be specific to industrial application exposure.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Dust may irritate respiratory system. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Inhalation

Skin contact Causes severe skin burns. Causes serious eye damage. Eye contact Causes digestive tract burns. Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Dusts may irritate the respiratory tract, skin and eyes. Coughing.

Information on toxicological effects

Not known. **Acute toxicity**

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are Germ cell mutagenicity

mutagenic or genotoxic.

In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica Carcinogenicity

inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However in making the overall evaluation, IARC noted that "carcinogenicity was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied. Carcinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or on external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its polymorphs." (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicates dust and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.) In June 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits) concluded that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is silicosis. "There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis (and, apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore, preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk..." (SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final, June 2003) According to the current state of the art, worker protection against silicosis can be consistently assured by respecting the existing regulatory occupational exposure limits. May cause cancer. Occupational exposure to respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Diiron Trioxide (CAS 1309-37-1)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7) Cancer

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicityThis product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Developmental effects

Quartz (SiO2) 0

Developmental effects - EU category

Quartz (SiO2) 0
Embryotoxicity

Quartz (SiO2) 0
Reproductivity

Quartz (SiO2) 0

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard

Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the

possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions This product, in its present state, when discarded or disposed of, is not a hazardous waste

according to Federal regulations (40 CFR 261.4 (b)(4)). Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine, at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria

for hazardous waste.

Hazardous waste code Since this product is used in several industries, no Waste Code can be provided by the supplier.

The Waste Code should be determined in arrangement with your waste disposal partner or the

responsible authority.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Not available.

Contaminated packaging Not available.

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to N

Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All chemical substances in this product are listed on the TSCA

chemical substance inventory where required.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7) Cancer lung effects

immune system effects

kidney effects

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

chemical

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Yes

nazardous

Skin corrosion or irritation

Classified hazard Sk categories Se

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Carcinogenicity

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

US state regulations

California Proposition 65

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)

Listed: October 1, 1988

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

MAGNESIA, SINTER, 98% (CAS 1309-48-4)

Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name On inventory	y (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No
*A "Yes" indicates that all compo	nents of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

[&]quot;A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 09-26-2014

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

Revision date 10-12-2020

Version # 04

Disclaimer This information is based on our present knowledge on creation date. However, this shall not

constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid

contractual relationship.

Revision information This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.